



# INDIAN SCHOOL AL WADI AL KABIR

DEPARTMENT OF MATHEMATICS (2021-2022)

TOPIC: FACTORS AND MULTIPLES

WORKSHEET

RESOURCE PERSON: Ms. BINA KOTHARI

NAME: \_\_\_\_\_ CLASS: V SEC: \_\_\_\_\_ DATE: \_\_\_\_\_

## I. Read the statements given below and state whether they are True or False.

**Justify your answer with an appropriate explanation.**

a) The smallest factor of a number is the number itself ( )

Reason: \_\_\_\_\_

b) 3 is a factor of 46. ( )

Reason: \_\_\_\_\_

c) 2 is the only even Prime number. ( )

Reason: \_\_\_\_\_

d) All numbers divisible by 10 are also divisible by 5. ( )

Reason: \_\_\_\_\_

e) 12 is a composite number. ( )

Reason: \_\_\_\_\_

## II) Fill in the blanks with correct answers.

a) \_\_\_\_\_ is the smallest odd prime number.

b) There are \_\_\_\_\_ prime numbers between 1 to 100.

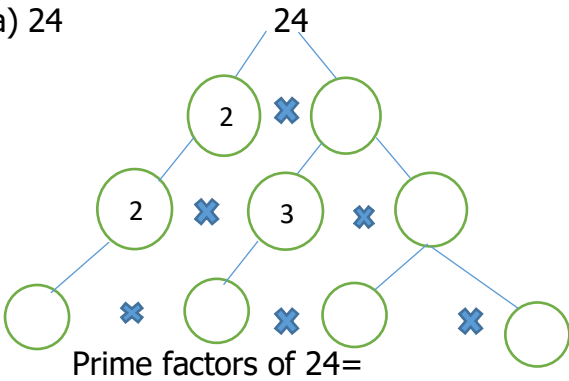
c) The HCF of 3 and 4 is \_\_\_\_\_.

d) 31 is divisible only by \_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_.

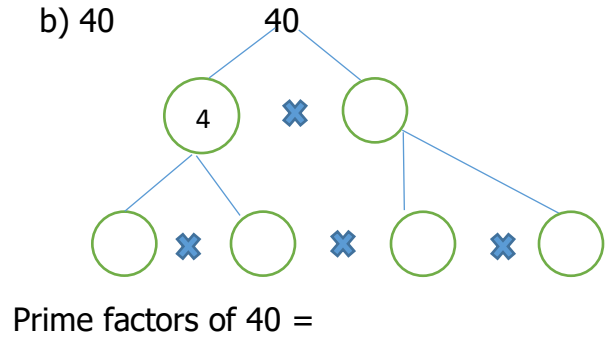
e) A number has an uncountable number of \_\_\_\_\_.

**III) Find the Prime Factors of the given numbers by Factor trees method**

a) 24



b) 40



**IV) Using divisibility tests, check if the following numbers if they are divisible by 2, 3, 5, 6, 9, 10. Put a (√) if divisible and insert a (X) if not divisible.**

NUMBERS	2	3	5	6	9	10
a) 123						
b) 670						
c) 2205						
d) 7119						
e) 3754						

**IV. Find the HCF of 12 and 20 by listing all the factors.**

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**V. Find the HCF by the Prime Factorization Method.**

**a) 28 and 36**

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**VI. Find the LCM of the following numbers by the Prime Factorization Method.**

**a) 21, 35**

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**VII) Find the LCM of 2 and 3 by using the number line method and complete the statements given below.**



The common multiples of 2 and 3 are: \_\_\_\_\_

The LCM of 2 and 3 is \_\_\_\_\_

